

Wavelet Analysis and Characteristic Scales of Dipole und Quadrupole Giant Resonances in ^{28}Si , ^{40}Ca , ^{48}Ca und ^{166}Er *



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P. von Neumann-Cosel, I. Pysmenetska and A. Richter

- Motivation
- Continuous Wavelet Transform
- Discrete Wavelet Transform
- Summary and Outlook

SFB 634

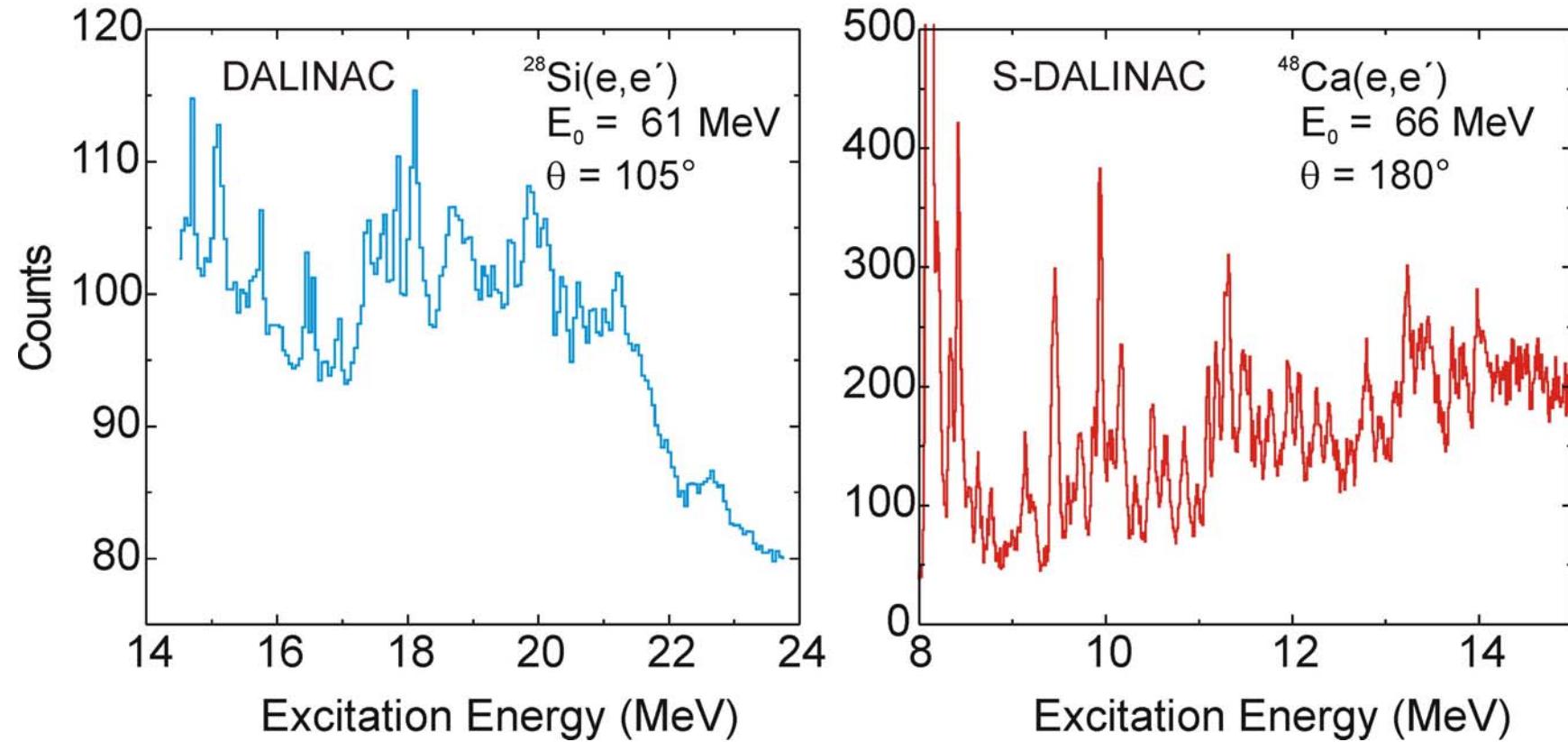


*Supported by the DFG within SFB 634

Evidence of Fine Structure in Different Nuclei



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ISGQR

M2



- Quantitative analysis of fine structure of dipole and quadrupole resonances
- Characteristic **scales** determined by wavelet analysis
- Interpretation through comparison with microscopic calculations including the coupling to complex states
- Model-independent extraction of **level densities**
- A.Shevchenko *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **93** (2004) 122501
- Y.Kalmykov *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **96** (2006) 012502
- A.Shevchenko *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **77** (2008) 024302
- A.Shevchenko *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C, in press

Motivation



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- ^{28}Si : ISGQR → comparison of data from many different experiments
- ^{40}Ca : IVGDR, ISGQR → compare the fine structure from the different resonances in the same nucleus
- ^{48}Ca : IVGDR, M2 → comparison of electric/magnetic resonances
- ^{166}Er : ISGQR → role of deformation

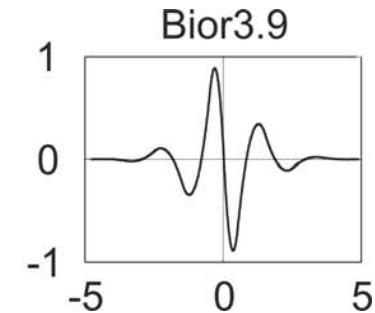
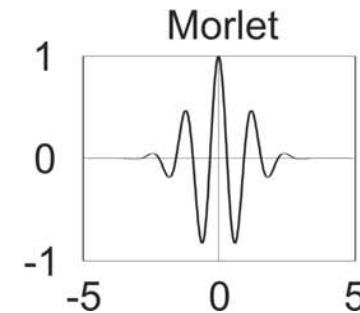
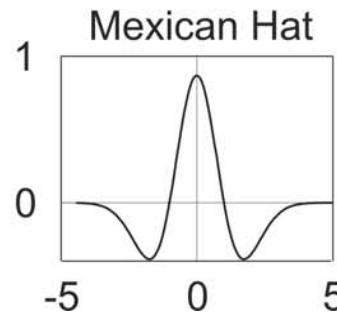
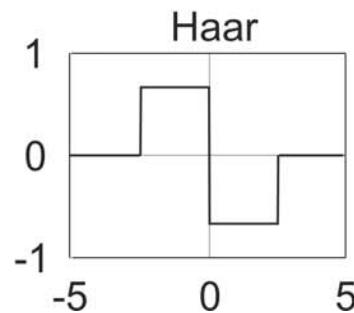
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Wavelets and Wavelet Transform

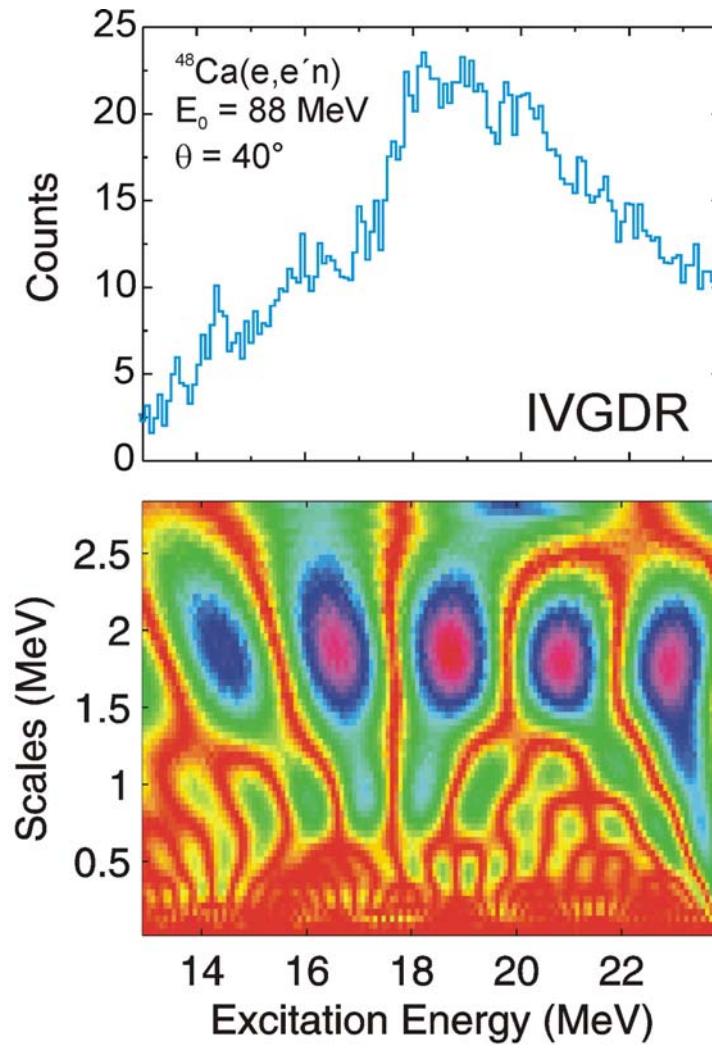
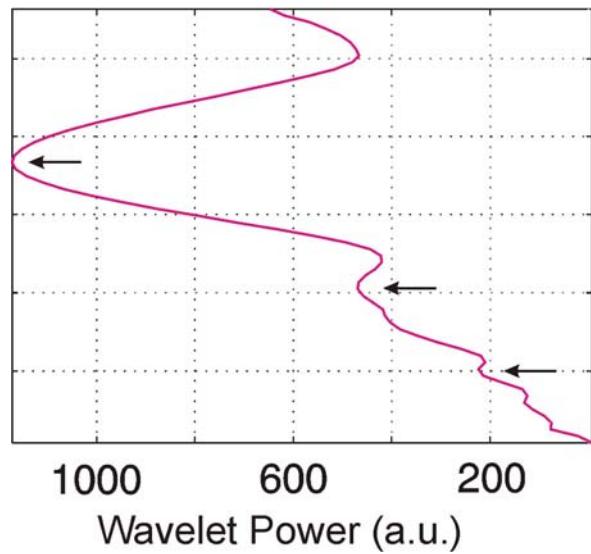


- $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Psi^*(x) dx = 0$ wave
 - $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |\Psi^*(x)|^2 dx \leq \infty$ finite support
 - $C(\delta E, E_x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\delta E}} \int \sigma(E) \Psi^*\left(\frac{E_x - E}{\delta E}\right) dE$ wavelet coefficients
- ↑ scale ↑ position ↑ spectrum ↑ wavelet

$^{48}\text{Ca}(\text{e},\text{e}'\text{n})$ at S-DALINAC



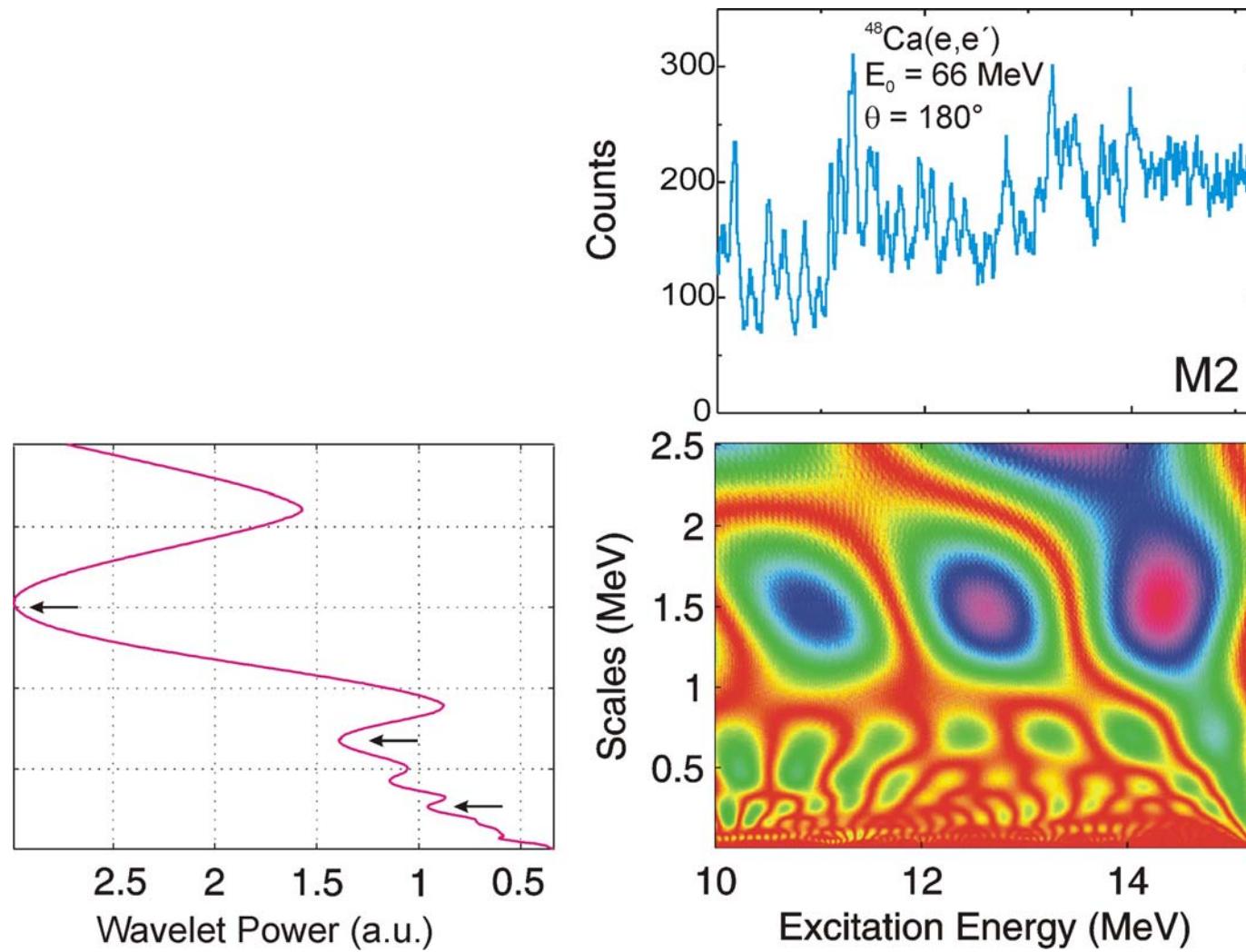
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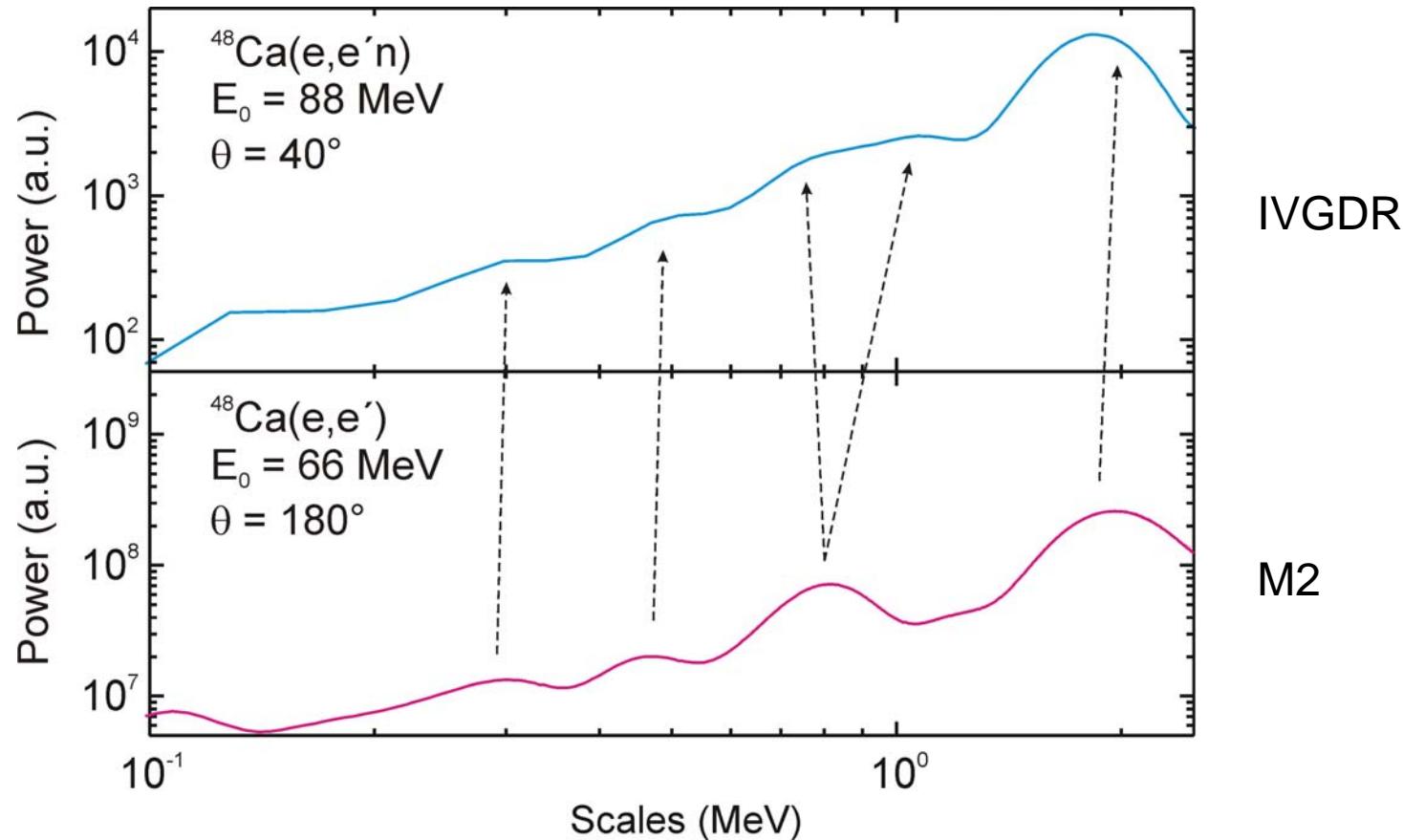
$^{48}\text{Ca}(\text{e},\text{e}')$ at 180° at S-DALINAC



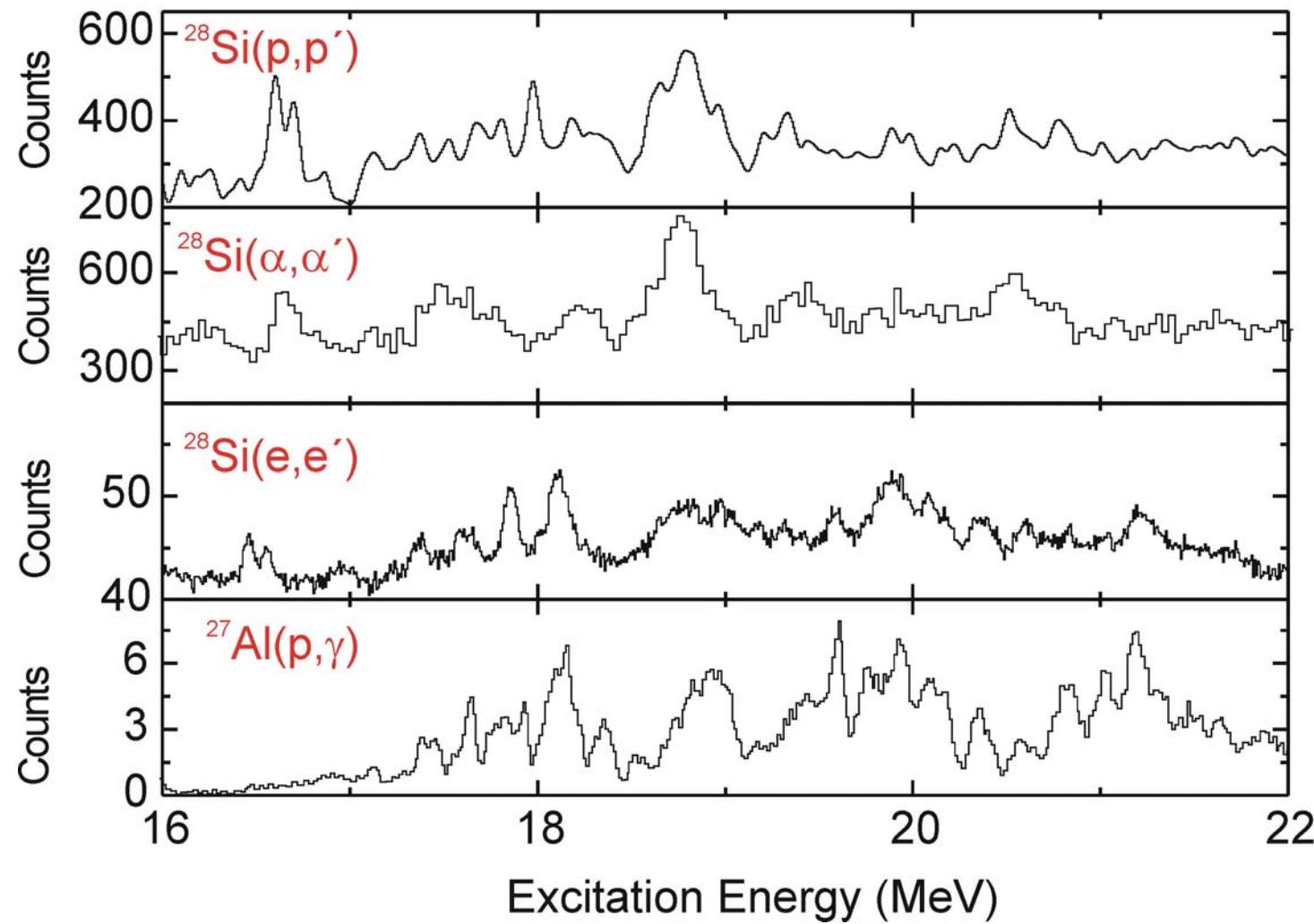
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E1 vs. M2 Resonance in ^{48}Ca



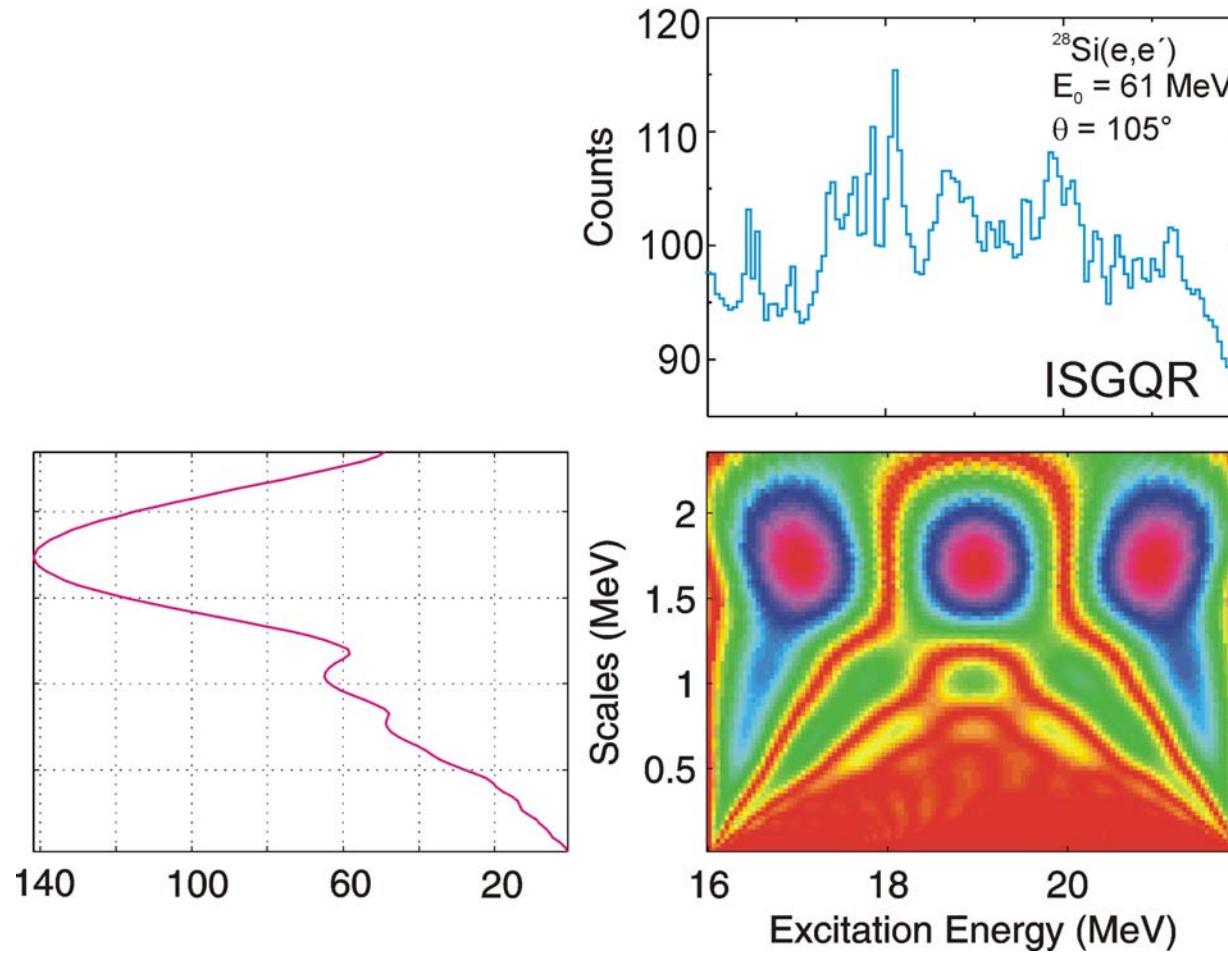
- very similar scales \longleftrightarrow same origin ?
 \longrightarrow comparison to SRPA calculations



^{28}Si Results



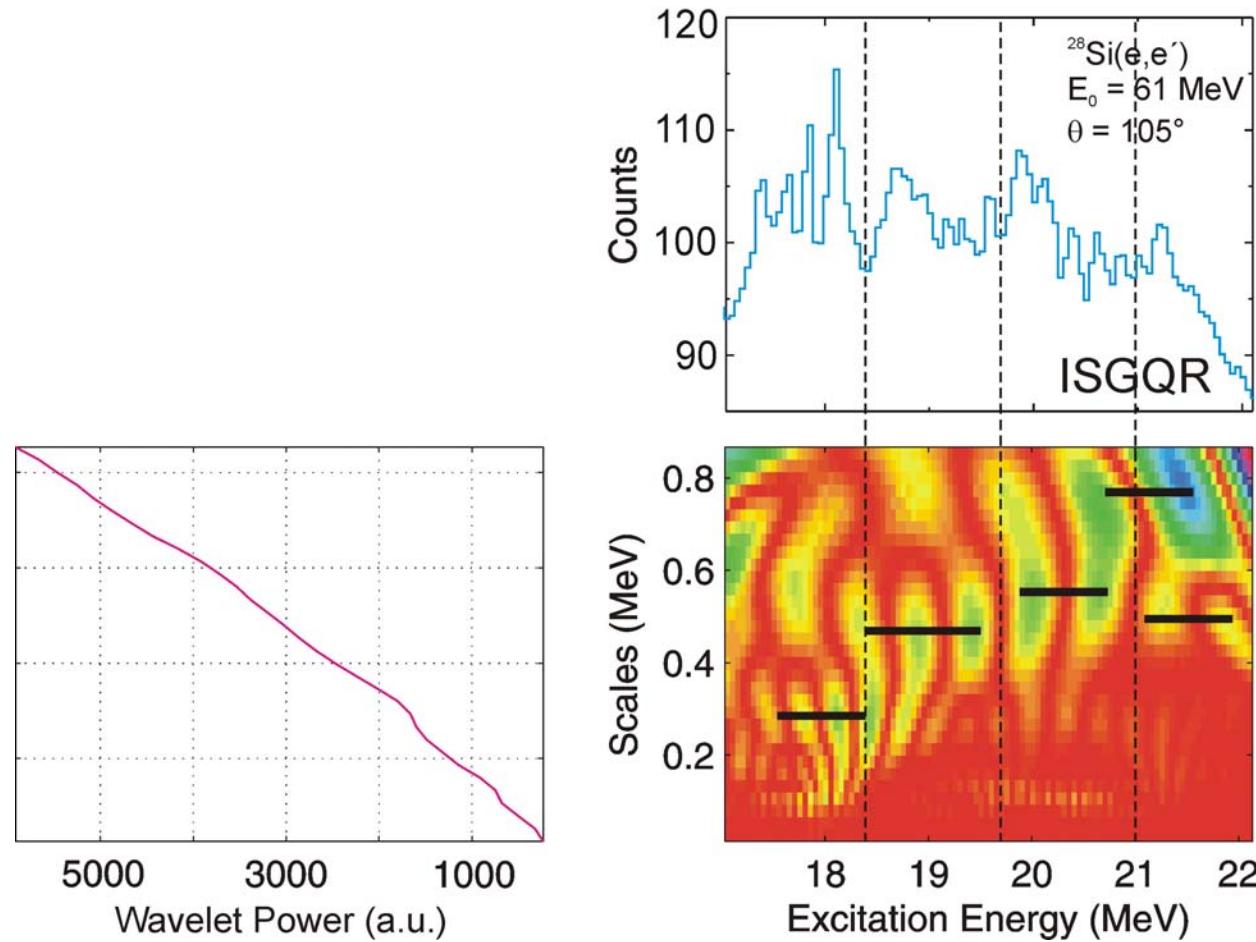
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^{28}Si Results



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- Nature of the intermediate structure



- Vanishing moments

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} E^n \Psi(E) dE = 0, \quad n = 0, 1 \dots m-1$$

→ any polynomial of order up to n does not contribute
to the wavelet coefficients
→ background in the spectra can be determined

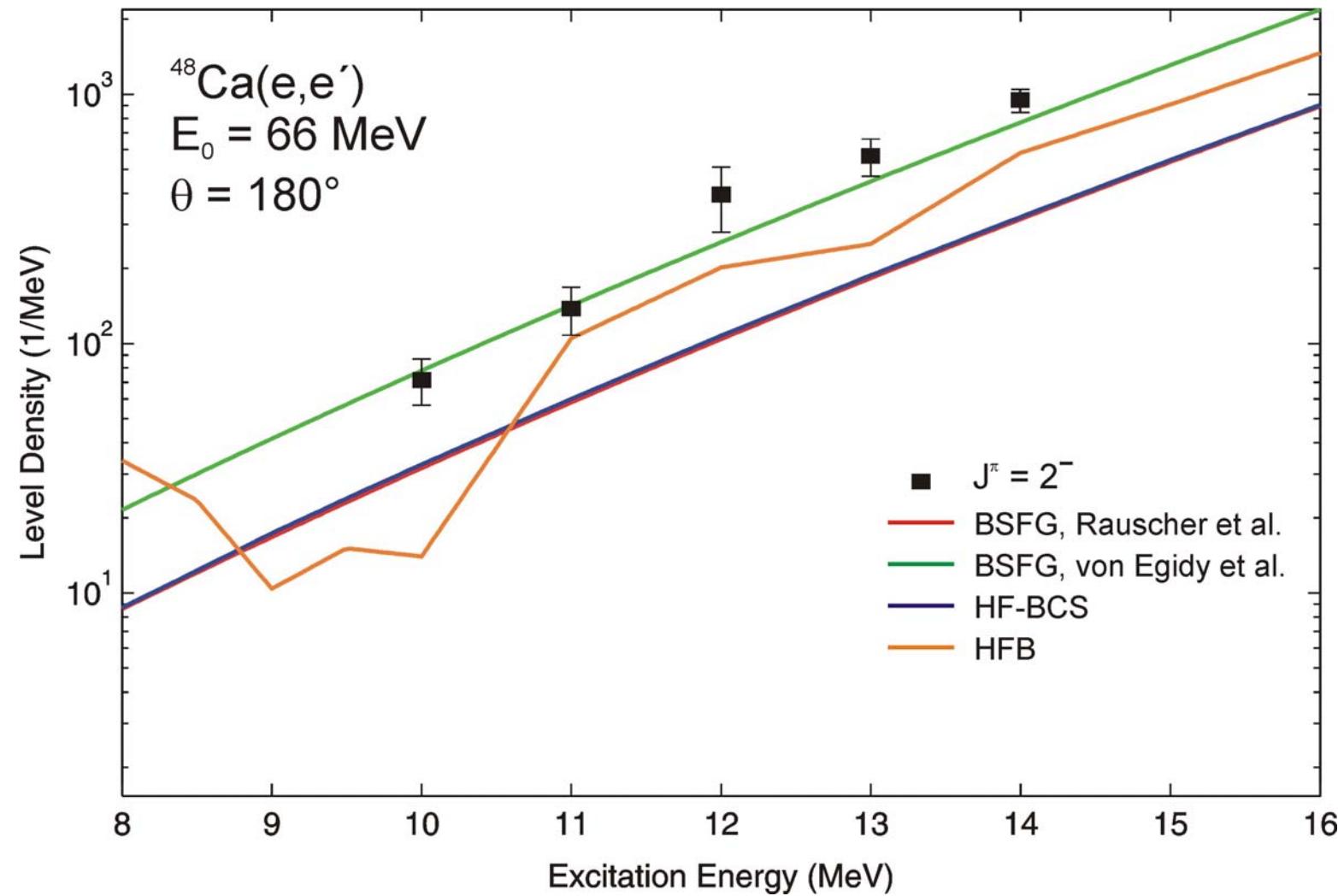
- Fluctuation analysis

→ level densities

Level Densities of M2 Resonance in ^{48}Ca



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Summary and Outlook



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- Wavelet analysis powerful tool
 - ➡ extract dominant decay mechanisms
 - ➡ determine level densities for given spin and parity
- Complete analysis (^{40}Ca , ^{166}Er)
- Comparison to microscopic calculations